AIBE - XI SET - A

Q. No A.	Answer A	Q. No A.	Answer A	Q. No A.	Answer A
1	С	38	В	75	А
2	С	39	А	76	D
3	В	40	D	77	С
4	D	41	А	78	С
5	С	42	D	79	D
6	Α	43		80	В
7	D	44	D	81	С
8	В	45	С	82	А
9	С	46	В	83	С
10	С	47	С	84	А
11	А	48	А	85	D
12	В	49	С	86	В
13	D	50	С	87	С
14	А	51	С	88	С
15	С	52	В	89	А
16	А	53	С	90	
17	С	54	С	91	D
18	D	55	В	92	С
19	D	56	А	93	С
20	А	57	В	94	D
21	D	58	D	95	В
22	А	59	D	96	В
23	А	60	D	97	D
24	D	61		98	D
25	С	62	D	99	В
26		63	А	100	
27	D a	64	С		
28	А	65	А		
29	В	66	D		
30	С	67	С		
31	В	68	В		
32	А	69	D		
33	С	70	D		
34	В	71	А		
35	С	72	D		
36	D	73	А		
37	С	74	С		

# Bar Council of India All India Bar Examination – XI 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec 2017

# [Set Code – A] LANGUAGE – ENGLISH

11021065

Name of the Candidate:	
Roll Number:	
Enrollment Number :	

#### IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

(Kindly read these instructions carefully before attempting this question paper)

- This Booklet contains 100 questions and each question carries 1 mark.
- In case of any confusion in translation, kindly refer to the English version for clarification.
- Make sure that same Question Booklet Set code is mentioned on all the sheets of question paper, in case of any discrepancy immediately inform the invigilator.
- There is no negative marking for wrong answer of a question.
- Duration of this exam is 3 hours only.
- Fill in your Roll number and Question Booklet Set code very carefully, as the answer sheet will be evaluated as per the code you mention on the answer sheet.
- Under no circumstances will the answer sheet be evaluated with any other Question Booklet Set code
- Only books and notes are allowed for this examination.
- Mobile phones, laptop, tabs and/or any other electronic devices are strictly prohibited in the examination hall.
- On possession of any electronic device inside the examination hall, the candidate will be disqualified from the examination.
- Candidate shall not be allowed to leave the Examination Hall before the conclusion of the examination.
- Do not forget to submit the answer sheet back to the invigilator. Failing to do so would lead to disqualification.
- Use only blue/black ball pen to fill the OMR answer sheet.
- OMR filled with pencil or ink pen would be disqualified.
- Use of whitener/ eraser /blade or fluid on answer sheet is strictly prohibited. It will lead to disqualification.
- Do not make any stray marks or tear the OMR answer sheet. It will lead to disqualification.
- Write your roll number carefully and darken the correct corresponding ovals. In case wrong ovals
  are darkened your answer sheet will not be evaluated.
- Candidate must follow the instructions strictly as mentioned on the answer sheet.



- 1. Section 154 under IT Act is
  - a) For filing return of Income
  - b) For filing return with late fee
  - c) Rectification of mistakes
  - d) Appeal against the order passed by the ITO
- Which of the following is not included in the Capital Asset under Section 2 (14) of Income Tax Act
  - a) Any stock in Trade
  - Special Bearer Bonds 1991 issued by Central Government
  - c) (a) and (b)
  - d) None of the above
- The language which is to be used in the arbitral proceedings is decided by
  - a) The Tribunal
  - b) Parties to decide by mutual understanding
  - c) The petitioner
  - d) The Defendant
- 4. The Arbitral proceeding shall stand terminated
  - a) On making of the final award
  - b) By an order of the arbitral tribunal
  - When the parties to the dispute agree to terminate proceedings
  - d) All of the above
- 5. Every Award of a Lok Adalat is deemed to be
  - a) Order of district collector
  - b) Order of Income Tax commissioner
  - c) Decree of a civil court
  - d) (a) and (b)
- The Arbitration and Conciliation Act 1996, Section 18-27 states
  - a) The Conducting of Arbitral Proceedings
  - b) Receipt and Written Communications

- c) Extent of judicial intervention
  - d) Awarding final decision
  - 7. Provision of Section 80 of CPC is binding on
    - a) The High Court
    - b) The court of civil judge
    - c) The district judge
    - d) All of the above
  - 8. Temporary Injunction can be granted
    - a) Suo moto
    - b) Ex parte
    - c) Hearing both parties
    - d) None of the above
  - 9. Right to Appeal is a
    - a) Natural Right
    - b) Inherent right
    - c) Statutory right
    - d) Delegated right
  - The last amendment to the Indian Succession Act was made in
    - a) 2000
    - b) 2001
    - c) 2002
    - d) 2004
  - 11. Which is the correct statement:
    - a) There can be a will without a codicil
    - b) There can be a codicil without a will
    - c) Every will has a codicil
    - d) A codicil proceeds a will
  - 12. As per Section 63 of Indian Succession Act, a Will should be attested by
    - a) By two witnesses
    - b) By two or more witnesses

- Only one witness who is not a relative of testator
- d) None of the above
- 13. 'Iddat' under Mohammadan law refers to
  - a) A gift made on the occasion of marriage
  - b) The right of the husband to divorce his wife
  - c) Attaining of puberty
  - d) None of the above
- Under the Christian Marriage Act the marriage
   Registrar for any district is appointed by
  - a) State government
  - b) The central government
  - c) The Clergyman of the Church
  - d) High Court judges
- 15. The word 'Ombudsman' is derived from
  - a) French administration
  - b) British Administration
  - c) Swedish Administration
  - d) German Administration
- Under Section 3 of the Commission of Inquiry
   Act 1952, an Inquiry Commission is appointed by
  - a) Central government or State government
  - b) Union Public Service Commission
  - c) State Public commission
  - d) Supreme Court of India
- 17. Information Technology Act was enacted in
  - a) 1988
  - b) 1996
  - c) 2000
  - d) 2004
- 18. Government of India passed Information Technology Act in 2000 with objective

- To provide legal sanction to all transaction for e-commerce
- To facilitate electronic filing of all documents to the government
- To amend Indian Penal Code, Indian
   Evidence Act, to punish the cyber crimes
- d) All of the above
- 19. Right to Personal liberty includes
  - a) Right against custodial violence
  - Right of under trials to separate them from convicted
  - c) Right against Public hanging
  - d) All of the above
  - 20. The Supreme Commander of the Defence Force of India is
    - a) President
    - b) Prime Minister
    - c) The Defence Minister
    - d) Chief Marshal
  - 21. Retirement age of Supreme Court Judges is
    - a) 62 years
    - b) 60 years
    - c) 58 years
    - d) 65 years
  - 22. Criminal Procedure Code is a subject of
    - a) Concurrent list
    - b) State list
    - c) Union list
    - d) None of the above
  - 23. Bailable and Non-Bailable offence has been defined in
    - a) Section 2 (a) of Cr.PC
    - b) Section 2 (b) of Cr. Pc
    - c) Section 2 (c) of Cr. Pc
    - d) Section 20 of IPC

- 24. Under Section 21 of Cr.PC, Special Executive Magistrate may be appointed by
  - a) Central Government
  - b) High court
  - c) Supreme Court
  - d) State Government
- Police may carry out personal search on an arrested person,
  - a) U/s 49 Cr.PC
  - b) U/s. 50 Cr.PC
  - c) U/s. 51 Cr.PC
  - d) U/s. 52 Cr.PC
- 26. The Special Court is
  - a) Not subordinate to High Court
  - b) Superior to High Court
  - c) Supplement to High Court
  - d) Equal to Supreme court
- 27. The powers under Section 159 of Cr.PC can be exercised by a magistrate
  - a) When the police decides not to investigate the case
  - b) When the investigation is still going on
  - c) Both (a) and (b)
  - d) None of the above
- 28. Statement recorded during investigation U/s. 161 can be used in trial
  - a) For contradicting the witness
  - b) For corroborating the witness
  - c) Incorporating in the charge sheet
  - d) Discharging the accused
- 29. Power of taking cognizance of offence by a Magistrate of First class or second class is provided
  - Under Section 173 of Criminal Procedure Code

- b) Under Section 190 of Criminal Procedure Code
- c) Under Section 190 of Indian Penal Code
- d) None of the above
- 30. Additions or alteration of charges is provided in Cr. PC
  - a) U/s. 214
  - b) U/s. 215
  - c) U/s. 216
  - d) U/s.210
- 31. Which Section of Specific Relief Act prohibits filing a case against the government?
  - a) Section 5
  - b) Section 6
  - c) Section 7
  - d) Section 8
- 32. The Patent Act became a law in
  - a) 1970
  - b) 1975
  - c) 1996
  - d) 1966
- 33. Cheque bouncing cases charged U/s. 138 of Negotiable Instruments Act is trialed by
  - a) Bank Tribunal
  - b) Consumer Forum
  - c) Magistrate Court
  - d) Sessions court
- 34. The provision of establishing Public Service Commission is made under
  - a) Article 310
  - b) Article 315
  - c) Article 320
  - d) Article 325

- 35. The case Krishna Gopal V/s State of MP relates to
  - a) Water pollution
  - b) Air and water pollution
  - c) Noise and air pollution
  - d) Water and noise pollution
- 36. What is the punishment for advocates if the established finding of the Bar Council is misappropriation?
  - a) Impose a fine
  - Name of the advocate will be struck off from the Rolls
  - c) Suspension from practice
  - d) All of the above
- 37. On being aggrieved by the order of State Bar Council, one can appeal to
  - a) High Court
  - b) Supreme court
  - c) Bar Council of India
  - d) Indian Law Commission
- 38. Which Section of Advocates Act provides punishment for misconduct of advocates
  - a) Section 29
  - b) Section 35
  - c) Section 37
  - d) All of the above
- 39. Section 24 of Advocate Act deals with
  - a) Qualification of advocates who should be enrolled in the Bar
  - b) Qualification to become the Advocate General
  - Qualification to become the Solicitor General of India
  - d) (b) and (c)

- 40. Under the Workmen's Compensation Act, which is helpful in deciding the extent of injury for compensation
  - a) Insurance certificate
  - b) Medical examination
  - c) Medical Certificate
  - d) (b) and (c)
- 41. Section 23 of Workmen Compensation Act 1923 says that the Commissioner shall have the power of
  - a) A court
  - b) A Tribunal
  - c) A quasi judicial form
  - d) All of the above
- 42. The objective of the Industrial Dispute Act 1947 is
  - a) Industrial peace and economic justice
  - To create harmonious relation between employer and employee
  - To prevent illegal strike or lockout etc.,
  - d) All of the above
- 43. Section 2 (q) of Industrial Dispute Act 1947 provides the definition of
  - a) Lock out
  - b) Lay off
  - c) Strike
  - d) Hartal
- 44. The Land Acquisition Act came into force from
  - a) 1st March 1955
  - b) 1st March 1986
  - c) 1st March 1994
  - d) 1st March 1894
- 45. Under the Land Acquisition Act, the arable land means

- a) Useful for residential purpose
- b) Useful for commercial purpose
- c) Useful for cultivation
- d) Useful for industrial purpose

### 46. Which one is not a fundamental right?

- a) Right to Freedom of Assembly
- b) Right to Property
- c) Right to equality
- d) Right to freedom of speech and Expression

### 47. In Maneka Gandhi case it was observed that

- a) Confiscation of Passport was correct
- Right to go abroad is not within the meaning of Article 21
- Right to go abroad is within the ambit of Article 19 (1) (A) but the confiscation of Passport is not in accordance to the law
- d) None of the above

# 48. Reasonable restrictions can be imposed on the right of free movement

- a) In the interest of general public
- b) In the interest of political leaders
- c) In the interest of women's safety
- d) All of the above

## 49. Which of the following can claim Article 19 of constitution?

- a) A company
- b) A corporation
- c) Only citizens
- d) Citizens and aliens

#### 50. Clause (3) of Article 20 (i) of the Indian Constitution says that no accused person shall be compelled to be

- a) An accused
- b) A witness
- c) A witness against himself

d) Hostile witness

### Indra Sawhney V/s Union of India is popularly known as

- a) Judges Transfer Case
- b) Illegal Detention case
- c) Mandal Commission case
- d) Constitutional case

### Due to the outcome of this case slum dwellers were benefitted

- a) N K Chanda V/s. State of Haryana
- Olga Tellis V/s Bombay Municipal Corporation
- c) PV. Narasimharao V/s. Union of India .
- d) Ratlam Municipal Council V/s. Vardichand

### 53. A Public Interest Litigation can be filed under

- a) Article 226 of constitution and Article 32 of the constitution
- b) U/s. 133 of Criminal Procedure Code
- c) (a) and (b)
- d) None of the above

### 54. Supreme Court in SP Gupta V/s. Union of India AIR 1982 SC 149, decided on

- a) Free Legal Aid
- b) Bonded labours
- c) Judges Transfer
- d) Illegal detention

# 55. Supreme court in a PIL known as Kamal Nath case evolved,

- a) Basic Future and Basic structure doctrine
- b) Public Trust doctrine
- c) Separation of power doctrine
- d) Public Interest doctrine

- 56. Vishakha v/s. State of Rajasthan case is related to
  - a) Sexual harassment at workplace
  - b) Protection of civil rights
  - c) Uniform civil code
  - d) None of the above
- Court's power to award compensation is provided in Specific Relief Act
  - a) Under Section 20
  - b) Under Section 21
  - c) (a) and (b)
  - d) None of the above
- 58. Proving of hand writing is provided in Indian Evidence Act
  - a) By the opinion of Experts
  - By the evidence of a person who is acquainted with the handwriting
  - c) After police verification
  - d) (a) and (b)
- 59. Section 26 of Indian Evidence Act provides
  - No confession made by a person in police custody is admissible
  - b) Confession made by a person in police custody is admissible
  - c) Confession made in the immediate , presence of a magistrate is admissible
  - d) (a) and (c)
- 60. The term 'Evidence' means and includes
  - a) Oral evidence
  - b) Documentary evidence
  - Electronic records produced for the inspection of the court
  - d) All of the above

- 61. Which is the authority that determines the language of the Court other than High Court within a given State, under Section 271 of Cr.PC
  - a) State government
  - b) Central government
  - c) Supreme Court of India
  - d) Both (a) and (b)
- 62. A decree can be
  - a) Final
  - b) Preliminary
  - c) Only Preliminary not final
  - d) Either preliminary or final
- 63. Foreign Judgement is defined in CPC
  - a) Under Section 2(6) of CPC
  - b) Under Section 2(7) of CPC
  - c) Under Section 2(8) of CPC
  - d) None of the above
- 64. The Minimum number of persons required to incorporate a Public Company is
  - a) 5
  - b) 10
  - c) 7
  - d) 2
- 65. A Private company can commence business as soon as it receives
  - a) Certification of incorporation
  - b) Letter of intent
  - c) Occupation certificate
  - d) None of the above
- 66. Which of the following is not an essential of a contract of guarantee
  - a) Concurrence of three parties
  - b) Surety's distinct promise to be answerable

- c) Liabilities to be legally enforceable
- d) Existence of only one contract
- 67. The term 'Agent' is defined in Indian Contract
  Act under Section
  - a) 180 of the Act
  - b) 181 of the Act
  - c) 182 of the Act
  - d) 183 of the Act
- 68. What is the maximum number of partners in Banking business
  - a) Eight
  - b) Ten
  - c) Twelve
  - d) Sixteen
- 69. A person who gives the guarantee is called
  - a) Bailee
  - b) Creditor
  - c) Debtor
  - d) Surety
- 70. Which is not a right of an unpaid seller against the goods
  - a) Lien
  - b) Stoppage in transit
  - c) Right of resale
  - d) To ascertain price
- 71. Sections 36 to 42 of Specific Relief Act provides
  - a) Injunctions
  - b) Court's discretion on specific performance
  - c) Cancellation of instruments
  - d) None of the above
- 72. Which of the following is not of civil nature
  - a) Right to take out procession
  - b) Right to Worship in a temple

- c) Right to Caste and Religion
- d) All of the above
- In a suit where the doctrine of res judicata applies
  - a) The suit is liable to be dismissed
  - b) The suit is liable to be stayed
  - c) Both (a) and (b)
  - d) None of the above
- 74. Under Section16 CPC a suit relating to immovable property can be filed in a court whose local jurisdiction is
  - a) Where the property is situated
  - b) Where the defendant voluntarily resides or carries on business
  - c) Both (a) and (b)
  - d) None of the above
- 75. Pleading means
  - a) Plaint and written statement
  - b) Plaint only
  - c) Written statement
  - d) Oral statement by the pleader
- 76. On failure to file a written statement, under order VIII Rule 10 of CPC, the court may
  - a) pass any other order
  - b) Order for striking off the decree
  - c) May pronounce the judgement at once
  - d) Any of the above
- 77. What is meant by Homicide?
  - a) Suicide by human being not at home
  - b) Suicide at home
  - Killing of a human being by another human being
  - d) Killing of human being by animal

### Adulteration of food or drink is a punishable offence

- a) Under Section 274-276 of IP C
- b) Under Section 277-278 of IPC
- c) Under section 272-273 of IPC
- d) None of the above

#### Maximum punishment for waging a war against the Government of India under IPC is

- a) Rigorous imprisonment up to 5 years
- b) Rigorous imprisonment up to 10 years
- c) Rigorous imprisonment for life term
- d) Death sentence

#### 80. Offences relating to elections are

- a) Contained in the IPC as originally enacted
- Are introduced in the IPC by a subsequent amendment
- c) Are not covered by IPC
- d) None of the above
- 81. Rupa Bajaj V/s. KPS Gill, is a famous case which the Supreme Court decided on
  - a) Wrongful restraint
  - b) Wrongful confinement
  - c) Outrage the modesty of a women
  - d) Maintenance to the divorced women
- Under the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance
   Act, the person who is taken in adoption
  - a) Must be a Hindu only
  - b) A Hindu or Jew
  - c) May be Hindu or Christian
  - d) None of the above
- 83. Polygamy was permitted for Hindus before the year
  - a) 1956
  - b) 1954

- c) 1955
- d) 1978
- 84. Mohan gets married to his sister's daughter Kriti
  - a) The marriage is valid if the custom allows it
  - b) The marriage is void
  - The marriage is valid only if the court approves it
  - The marriage is valid only if the Panchayat permits

### 85. Within the purview of Water Act, the meaning of Stream is defined as

- a) Includes a river but not a water course
- b) Includes a water course but not a river
- Includes river and water course , but not subterranean waters
- d) Includes a river, a water course and subterranean river
- 86. Section 2 (1) (ZB) of the Trade Mark Act 1999, defines the meaning of
  - a) License
  - b) Trade Mark
  - c) Registration
  - d) Cancellation
- Outraging the modesty of a woman is punishable under IPC
  - a) Section 376 (a)
  - b) Section 376 (b)
  - c) Section 354
  - d) Section 498
- 88. Section 463 of Indian Penal Code deals with the crime of
  - a) House breaking
  - b) Dishonest misappropriation of property
  - c) Forgery

- d) Forgery with cheating
- 89. Criminal intimidation is explained in IPC under
  - a) Section 503 to 506
  - b) Section 509 to 516
  - c) Section 319 to 329
  - d) None of the above
- Under Section 59 to 60 of Indian Evidence Act the oral statement means
  - All statements made before the court by the witness
  - All statement made before the police by the accused
  - All statement of facts which a witness heard to say
  - d) All of the above
- 91. Under the Evidence Act, 'Court' includes
  - a) All Judges
  - b) All Magistrates
  - c) All Arbitrators
  - d) (a) and (b)
- Admissibility of contents of electronic records may be proved in accordance with the provisions of
  - a) Under Section 61 of Indian Evidence Act
  - b) Under Section 65 of Indian Evidence Act
  - c) Under Section 65-B of Indian Evidence Act
  - d) None of the above
- 93. Which is not a public record as per the provisions of Indian Evidence Act
  - Documents forming the acts or records of the sovereign authority
  - b) Documents forming the acts or records of official bodies, tribunals

- Documents and correspondence from advocate and Notary office
- Documents and circulars from University of Delhi
- 94. Section 67 of Motor Vehicle Act 1988 provides
  - a) Possession of driving license while driving
  - Possession of Insurance certificate and PUC certificate in the vehicle
  - Revoking driving license if drunk driving is detected
  - d) State government's power to control the road transport
- 95. The term 'Tort' is a
  - a) Latin Word
  - b) French Word
  - c) English word
  - d) Italian word
- 96. In Tort, what is 'vicarious liability'?
  - a) A person is generally liable for his own wrongful act
  - A person is liable for the wrongful act done by other person
  - A person is liable for the wrongful act in his absence
  - d) None of the above
- 97. Under Section 2(1) (f) of Consumer Protection
  Act 1986, 'defect' is meant by any fault,
  imperfection or shortcomings in
  .....in relation to the goods
  - a) Quality and Quantity
  - b) Potency
  - c) Purity or standard
  - d) All of the above
- 98. Which of the following falls under the categories of Act of God

- a) Storm and cyclone
- b) Extra ordinary rainfall or flood
- c) Lightning and thunder
- d) All of the above

#### 99. Income Tax Act was enacted in

- a) 1951
- b) 1961
- c) 1971
- d) None of the above

### 100. 'Income' is defined under Section 24 of the Income Tax Act, as

- a) Profits and gains
- b) Dividend
- Voluntary contribution received by a Trust for charitable Purpose
- d) All of the above